

## **Report of the State Level Workshop on Recognition of Community Forest Resource Rights: Learning from initiatives in Odisha**

**Venue: CYSD-DRTC, Bhubaneswar**

**Date: 11<sup>th</sup> & 12<sup>th</sup> January, 2016**

**Editing & Compilation: Bibhore Deo**

**Reporting By: Ranjita Pattnaik, Sonali Pattnaik**

**VASUNDHARA**

**Plot No # 1731/C, Dash Mohaptra Complex,**

**Po : KIIT Campus, Bhubaneswar**

**Pin – 751024, Ph: +91674-2728884, 2728885,**

**Email : [vasundharanr@vasundharaorissa.org](mailto:vasundharanr@vasundharaorissa.org), [bibhor@vasundharaorissa.org](mailto:bibhor@vasundharaorissa.org)**

**Web: [www.vasundharaodisha.org](http://www.vasundharaodisha.org), [www.fra.org.in](http://www.fra.org.in)**

**Day - 1 (11<sup>th</sup> Jan. 2016)**

Two days State Level Learning Workshop on Recognition and mapping of Community Forest Resource Rights by using technology was organized by Vasundhara from 11<sup>th</sup> to 12<sup>th</sup> January at CYSD-DRTC, Bhubaneswar. The purpose of the workshop was to build a common understanding on the processes involved in CFR claim and process of mapping as well as to chalk out collective strategies with the participating organizations to scale up the process across the state. One of the prime focus of the workshop was to share the new methodology devised for mapping of the community forest resources by using an android based mobile phone through a user-friendly mobile application. The first phase of the field testing of the mobile application was piloted in Mayurbhanj district. In the workshop more than 50 participants from various NGOs & CBOs participated in the meeting (see - Annexure - II).

Mr. Y. Giri Rao, the Executive Director, Vasundhara gave the welcome address and the workshop was initiated. He at length discussed regarding the status of Community Forest Resource rights (CFR) in Odisha along with the recent developments and circulars issued by MoTA on FRA. Further, he shared about the research study on the potential CFR areas carried out by Vasundhara in collaboration with RRI where it was found that around 40 million hector (in 1,70,000 villages) of forest land is under the control of the communities. In Odisha, out of 51,000 villages, 32,000 villages are identified as potential CFR villages. Mayurbhanj and Koraput are two districts where maximum CFR claims were filed and in Mayurbhanj maximum numbers of CFR were recognized under FRA. Further he also shared some of the developments and initiatives made towards the implementation of FRA in Odisha and other states. In this regards it is relevant to mention here that the State Govt. issued letter on reviewing of pending claims and has given 3 deadlines to all collector, despite that not a single deadline was achieved by any collector till now. Mr. Rao also stated that about 300 crores of rupees have been sanctioned to Odisha through VSS under CAMPA fund. In Madhya Pradesh, Gramya Jungle Yojna was declared and in Maharashtra Village Forest Rule has been implemented which directly contradicts FRA. In this juncture, Odisha is in the pipeline to implement Village Forest Rule through Ama Jungle Yojna for which 1100 crore rupees has been allotted to Odisha.

Apart from that, Mr. Rao shared that within 30<sup>th</sup> March, 2016 a series of training programmes were scheduled to be conducted by SCSTRTI in 13 micro-project areas of 11 districts where Zilla Parishad members, PRI members, Front line officers were to participate, where he requested the participants of the consultations who are representatives from NGOs to willing participate in the training programs to develop district level action plan.

Later on, Mr. Tushar Dash of Vasundhara shared some of the developments and initiatives taken up by MoTA relating to CFR rights and Habitat rights in the previous year. He mentioned that in the month of April, 2015 MoTA issued circulars and

guideline relating to CFR, Habitat Rights and Mapping of CFR areas by using geo-reference methods and GIS technology.. As per the circular, "CFR" will be treated as new category of forest and GS has the power to manage and conserve that area by deploying their traditional practices of protection and conservation. Beyond that, MoTA also gave clarifications on the term Habitat rights.

Meanwhile, Mr. Dash also stated on the deadline given by the State Govt for the completion of implementation of Forest Rights Act based on MoTA's letter mentioning the dateline. He has also shared the decisions taken by SLMC relating to different issues like disposal of pending claims, conversion of forest villages to revenue villages etc.

### **Sharing of participants:**

#### **Balasore:**

Purnachandra Sahoo from Odisha Jungle Munch, shared the status of CFR recognition in Nilagiri block of Balasore district. Nilagiri Mahasangha has filed 94 CFR claims under FRA. In 11 villages CFR mapping process has been completed by using GPS in the presence of Sarapanch and WEO. But the matter fact is that the 11 numbers claims submitted to SDLC has been returned to GS with objections and GPS mapping of CFR areas has not been accepted by SDLC. Again 4 villages carried out mapping of the CFR area by hiring RI and Amin and resubmitted the claim at SDLC. DFO, Balasore has strong reservation in recognition of CFR rights.

#### **Bolangir:**

Mr. Kulamani Sahoo from Bolangir shared the status and concerns in the recognition of forest rights where GPS mapping has already been completed in 6 villages in presence of RI and Amins along with filing of claims on community forest resource right at the SDLC . But the unfortunate part is to be noted that there has been no response from SDLC or DLC. There has been issues of compulsion being imposed by the administration like villages having more that 60% of the Schedule Tribe population can be recorded with Forest Rights. Some of the major issues apart from these are stated below;

- Titles are distributed without CFR Map.
- Rejection of Claims due to less ST population
- No intimation to GS regarding reason of rejection
- Communities are unaware about the GPS mapping process
- Difference of opinion relating to CFR process within civil society groups.
- Lack of awareness on provisions and procedures of FRA among communities.
- Non cooperation of Govt. functionaries.

- Lack of awareness among the govt. functionaries

**Zindabad Sangathan (Khaprakhhol):**

The major issues in the Khaprakhhol region has been the non-recognition of rights over forest land in the heterogeneous communities which creates significant concerns over the understanding and responsibility towards rights recognition. In addition to this 5 villages have submitted their claims along with final maps through mapping to the SDLC but yet to receive any response from the administration.

**Deogarh:**

Jilla Jungle Munch has been one of the keystone in FRA process in Deogarh district where they have supported the Gram Sabhas in 169 villages to file claims over community forest resources at SDLC level out of which 11 claims have been approved by DLC. Likewise, Banani Mahila Sangathan, a peoples' cooperative has helped 30 Gram Sabhas to file claims over community rights and community forest resource rights out of which 22 Gram Sabhas have completed mapping of CFR areas with support from Vasundhara. Some of the issues those were highlighted;

- DFO has no interest on giving CFR rights.
- Proposal for formation of new VSS in hamlet village of Tileibani block by Forest Department.

An issue was highlighted in the meeting where the WEO of Barkote block along with the forest officials went to some of the villages without prior notice to them where they carried out mapping of the community forest resources. The process of mapping was entirely faulty as it wasn't carried as per the customary boundary of the village rather the officials tried to misguide the community on the outcome of such mapping process. The villages filed complaint against such a initiative where the sub-collector has assured to verify the misappropriation happened.

**Dhenkanal:**

In Dhenkanal, the rights recognition scenario has been very precarious. Though there has been 11 CFR claims have been filed but all the claims has been pending at the SDLC level due to unavailability of Nodal Officer. In Oct. 2015 tribal people protested before the collector office where in response collector has assured to work on the CFR right recognition. Though there has 9 developmental rights have been recognized under sec 3 (2), but no community rights and community forest resource right have been recognized. There is 44 forest and unsurveyed habitations existing mostly in Kankadahada block of Dhenkanal, the process of conversion has not yet been started.

**Gajapati:**

In Gajapati the issue of recognition of rights to VSS has been a major concern and in Mohana block 12 villages CFR claims have been filed in the name of VSS. Lack of coordination among civil society groups has been a major challenge in the district.

Lacking in understanding of forest department and revenue department has led to non-cooperation of officials in the facilitation process. In the district Vasundhara and Sacal organization has been majorly engaged in filing of claims. Vasundhara has been working in collaboration with district administration in 54 villages of 4 GPs in R. Udayagiri block out of which 13 villages have filed CR and CFR claims and rest villages are in the process. Sacal has also filed 65 CFR claims in Mohana block. There are two major issues which are highlighted in the discussion were;

Conflict between STs and OTFDs regarding community rights recognition mainly because the STs have got individual forest right which has led to fraction between the two groups of the village

People those who have cashew gardens are not interested for community rights claims as they fear of losing their large chunk of such field

### **Mayurbhanj:**

Mayurbhanj has coined up an exemplar in the backdrop of rights recognition under FRA. The framework of implementation has been a learning curve for the nation. The district administration has launched a special drive since 2013 for the recognition of rights under FRA mostly focusing on IFR, CR and CFR. Subsequently they are also working towards CFR governance and management and convergence. Till 2015 there are more than 800 CR and CFR claims have been filed by the Gram Sabhas. Out of which 56 titles over CR and CFR has been distributed to the respective Gram Sabhas. The mapping of CFR areas has been a major intervention of the district administration where more than 300 CFR areas has been mapped by the officials and volunteers engaged for the mapping. Many CSOs are also providing support to the local administration in execution of the claim and recognition process. In a remarkable movement towards rights recognition of PVTGs (i.e. Hill Khadia, Mankirdia, Lodha), the district administration proactively facilitating the process of recognition of habitat rights for the 3 PVTGs in collaboration with Vasundhara. Several consultation has been organized with traditional leaders of the PVTGs for identification of their natural habitat and consolidating them into claims. In governance and management of CFRs in Similipal Bio-sphere Reserve, Vasundhara with support from the administration has initiated the process formation of CFR CMCs and CFR management plans by the Gram Sabhas in 3 GPs of Barehipani, Astakunwar and Gudgudia. In a key step forward in this, volunteers from HO community are being identified to support this process at the community level and also in the protection of and management of CFR areas. But a issue which raise concerns is that the FD is encouraging communities for tree felling and promoting VSS to retain their power intact in the forest management.

### **Nayagarh:**

Nayagarh district has history of forest protection and conservation by CFM groups since last 4 decades. There are 217 CFM groups coming under MMJSP (Maa Maninag Jungle Surakhya Parishad) area out of which Community rights have been claimed in Form B in 137 villages in the year 2009. Two villages received Community rights (Dimiribadi and Brahmanakumbhei) in the year 2010. Dimiribadi has received CR title

in the name of VSS over 250 acres of forest land. With support from MMJSP, 42 villages have filed CFR claims after the amendment rules 2012 where communities have also mapped their CFR areas using GPS. One of the interesting facts in Ranpur is the joint filing of claims by group of villages where they have tried to maintain their past integrity in forest protection by translating them into rights within a collective claim i.e. Dasamauza, 1 claim for 10 villages, Teenmauza, 1 claim for 3 villages. Nayagarh Mahasangha has been a prime actor to support the Gram Sabhas in promoting protection of forest in more than 750 villages. With their support, 300 villages have filed claim over CFR in the district. Some of the issues which are raised during the discussion were;

- In Nuagaon block, though notice issued by Collector for the verification of CFR claims in 26 villages . but, verification completed in 4 villages by WEOs whereas other officials were not present.
- Non cooperation of Forest Department during the process.
- 32 lakh rupees deposited in village fund in the name of VSS by the forest department for carrying out activities in forest

### **Ganjam:**

In this district, INDIA is working for the rights of the communities over forest land in 30 numbers of villages. 1429 numbers of titles on IFR has been distributed to the claimants. But the matter of fact is that there has been no community forest rights claims filed by the Gram Sabhas.

### **Kalahandi:**

In Kalahandi district, Seva Jagat has been a proactive organization working on the Forest Right Act. With the help of Seva Jagat, 35 Gram Sabhas have filed claims over CFR. The collector has asked over mapping of CFR using GPS where 7 villages have completed mapping of their CFR areas with support from Revenue Officer of Madanpur. There has been the issue of non-cooperation by the FD for which a interface meeting among DFO, WEO, Range Officer was organized to build common understanding.

In Golamunda block CFR claims have been filed in 10 villages out of which 3 villages have got titles having an average area of 40 Ha. Some of the issues which were shared as;

- Lack of awareness among district level officials.
- Lack of coordination between Revenue department and forest department.
- VSS area recognized under CFR rights.
- CFR titles are distributed to the villages without any claim.
- In some villages CFR title are distributed without map and area

**Kandhamal:**

Kandhamal being forest rich district, has a lot of potential villages for rights recognition within its boundary. It has a notable history of right recognition since the inaction of the law. There are number of organizations working in Kandhamal to support the FRA process. Within the process 29 Community Rights has been recognized in Kotagarh block where Jagruti has provided support to the Gram Sabhas. But CFR claims as per the amendment rules, are yet to be filed there. Under the Antaranga Initiative, they have supported 12 villages to file claims over CFR whereas with OTELP support to Jagruti, 35 CFR claims have been filed. Care India is working in 13 GPs of 3 blocks where they are involved in 118 villages. Out of those villages, 31 villages have filed claims which are pending with the SDLC.

Vasundhara has been working in 22 villages of Jamjhari GP. In 17 villages CFR process has been completed and ready for submission at SDLC level. Protection and management process has been initiated in Madikhol village. SAMBHAVANA is an awareness programme for the women right holders initiated by Vasundhara in collaboration with District administration. Gram Sabha based Convergence programme is also piloted in Madikhol village.

Consortium of 5 NGOs has been formed in Kandhamal. The consortium is working in 127 villages of 3 blocks. SWATI organization has organized a two days training programme with field demonstration on CFR and CR where Vasundhara has provided technical support through resource persons. Training on GPS mapping with support of Vasundhara was also done in two villages.

**Keonjhar:**

About 97 CFR claims filed in Harichandanpur, Banspal and Telkoi block. CFR mapping process facilitated by village youths after their capacity building on various aspects of the law. But the issue lies with the Non cooperation of Govt. functionaries and lack of coordination among NGOs. GS has asserted their rights by putting board in the forest (Out of 97 villages, 55 villages putting board in the forest and have initiated protection through Thengapalli). No RoR correction has been done by the administration in the district. Communities have submitted memorandum to Governor regarding the non-recognition of CFR rights. No remarkable work done under convergence whereas plantation has been done on individual land of Juang communities.

Juangs has been the first PVTG to file claims for Habitat rights. With the support from Banabasi Chetna Mandala, Juangs have on Satkhand Pidha, Kathua Pidha, Ramuna Pidha and Jharkhand pidha claimed since the year 2010. No progress of CFR in Joda block due to mining area.

**Koraput:**

Coordination committee was formed at the time of Rajesh Pravakar Patil. At that time Bi-monthly meeting was done. 951 CFR claim filed. CFR title distributed (not in actual basis) at the time of minister programme. In VSS & OTELP intervention area, CFR titles distributed.

About 44 CFR claim filed by Adivasi Ekta Sangathan but non cooperation of Forest and Revenue department in verification process. Pending of claims due to mining prone areas. Less area recognized than the actual area claimed. In Paikmal, 13 CFR claim filed out of 20 villages. In 3 villages verification process completed.

50 CFR claims filed by FES in Pottangi block at SDLC but pending due to Bamboo coupe. Petition also filed against Bamboo Coupe by GS.

### **Sambalpur:**

MASS organization has been working in 27 villages of Sambalpur & Bargarh.. They have been supporting the Gram Sabhas in claim filing process where verification process is completed in 4 villages. Forest department hasn't been cooperating during the verification process. In Paikmal, out of 20 villages, CFR claims have been filed in 13 villages whereas verification process is completed in 3 In cooperative areas (Banaja Banijya Sangha), out of 60 villages, 29 CR and 36 CFR claim filed at SDLC.

### **Sundargarh:**

Jeevan Bikash has been working in Khandadhar hills by providing support to the communities which is one of the vulnerable area due to the extractive industries and mining. 24 CFR claims has been filed in Khandadhar area of Bonai division. The major issue has been the non cooperation of district administration due to mining prone area. Though there has been external influence and pressure on communities, still Gram Sabhas have managed to stop interventions on their community forest land by Rungta Mines and Ama Jungle Yojna using the authority under FRA.

In the intervention areas of SEWAK, 52 CFR claims have been filed at SDLC. Still non cooperation of Forest and Revenue department during joint verification process has been a major concern for the communities.

### **Rayagada:**

Memorandum submitted to Governor regarding non recognition of CFR rights in Rayagada from the intervention areas of FARR. In response to that, Governor has instructed for joint verification in April, 2014. In May, 2014, 25 CFR rights approved and titles distributed out of which areas not mentioned in 13 CFR titles. About 18,125 IFR titles distributed along with 44 CR titles Still 332 IFR claims and 34 CFR claims are pending at SDLC level.

### **Bargarh:**

Samuhik Marudi Pratyahara Samiti has been working in 107 villages to support the communities. In 2013, 53 CFR claims filed at SDLC out of which 23 claims



recommended to the DLC and still pending at the district level. The foremost concern has been the lack of coordination among govt. functionaries which makes the claim filing process quite difficult. Putting up boards about rights and responsibilities for the CFR areas has been a strategy adopted by the Gram Sabhas to protect their community forest land. Intervention of forest department without consent of Gram Sabhas creates a major concern for which grievance petition has been filed at SDLC by GS against plantation of the forest department on the community forest land.

### Day 2 (12.01.2016)

#### **CFR Recognition and Mapping Process:**

Bibhore Deo from Vasundhara shared the process of recognition of CFR rights based on the experiences of Kandhamal and Mayurbhanj. He also explained the process of mapping of CFR areas by using a mobile device based on an android application. The application has been specifically developed for the mapping of the community forest land which will be loaded on a Smartphone. The application is developed to bridge the technology gap and would more interactive, participatory and transparent. The control and understanding on the mapping process will remain with the gram sabhas to ensure more transparency. To develop the application, .

#### **Sharing of Key issues & Suggestions:**

Mr. Tushar Dash shared the key issues and suggestions discussed in the previous day as follows:

#### Key issues:

- Information, awareness & training of GS, FRC, CSOs & Government officials)
- Need for trained personnel to support and facilitation
- More simplified CFR formats
- District Level action plan & follow up process has not started as per direction of the state & SLMC.
- CFR claims are pending in SDLC / DLC level without any response.
- No regular meeting of SDLC & DLC
- Rejection of Claims & lack of information to the claimants
- No prior intimation to GS before mapping and other activities
- CFR claim filed by GS not reflected in Govt. report (RTI , Ranpur)
- Forest Department and Revenue Department not supporting in the verification process.
- GPS not community centric

- Varying understanding about use of GPS
- RoR Correction has not been done for any kind of rights
- Only ST residing settlements are considered for CFR
- Where CFR has already claimed and recognized under Community Rights prior to amendment rules 2012 , is there any necessity to claim CFR as per amendment rules?
- Use of GPS mapping in individual rights
- Coordination & formation of Pressure group
- Coordination between NGOs
- Coordination with SDLC & DLC
- FD creating obstacles in the FRA process
- CFR Vs VSS / Ama Jungle Yojna
- VSS at Hamlet level
- Lack of Inter-departmental coordination

### **Initiatives & Strategies:**

- Assertion of CFR rights as a way forward by putting up boards
- Mobilization by People's group
- Involvement of PRI members
- FRA Cell set up at Tahasil level
- Youths coming up (Mayurbhanj), GPS generating interest in youths (Keonjhar)
- Organizing Women (Such as SAMBHAVANA initiative in Kandhamal)

### **Suggestions - Way Forward:**

- Meeting with Chief Minister
- Following up on the letter issued by the Ministry
- Formation of working group to support district level process and initiatives.
- Exchange of information between groups through exposure.

- Involvement of Media
- Legal Intervention
- Resource Support to Organizations
- GP level Cadre building
- Capacity building of Youths and women
- Creating pressure group before next Panchayat election (2017).
- Political Constituency wise information collection
- Consultation / Meeting with MLAs / TAC members
- Intervention on Forest Village
- Returning of CFR titles where process has not been followed properly (Ex - Hadgarh CFR Rights)

**Action Plan based on Suggestions:**

- Formation of State level pressure group (Representatives from Peoples organisation such as OJM, OAM, CSD etc.)
- District Level Pressure / Coordination group
- Sharing of recommendations with Political leaders in district level

As per the discussion the district level agreed to organize district level meetings involving the organizations, groups and communities to build common understanding on the approach and process for recognition of CFR rights. Keeping that in view the second session focused on the District level sharing on future course of action which are mentioned below;

- A meeting will be held on 14<sup>th</sup> on FRA issue sharing at keonjhar where the group expected one of the members of Vasundhara to participate in that meeting.
- Vasundhara needs to participate in Samanwaya Manch Meeting to be held before March at Nayagarh.
- District level planning will be shared after discussion with other NGOs and POs shared by Koraput district.
- Vasundhara needs to participate in Block Level meeting with FRC members to be held before March in Rayagada district.
- Separate meeting needs to be organized for Sundergarh to assemble other stake holders to a common platform.

- Follow up of CFR issues with PAITDA in support of Vasundhara is needed.
- To strengthen local level organizations or sangathans, Vasundhara needs to impart training to different Sangathans and Organisations on different aspects in Kandhamal district.
- Sharing of issues with political leaders, meeting with representatives of Adivasi Sangha and Public hearing planned for Bolangir district.
- Post card campaign and Block level and District level consultation will be organized at Deogarh in coming days.
- Training programme will be organized for Mahasangha in Nilagiri block of Balasore district
- Post card campaign and meeting with District administration planned for Daspalla.
- Coordination meeting with other NGOs will be organized in Sambalpur district.
- Vasundhara needs to support to Marudi Pratikar Manch in Bargarh district.
- Vasundhara needs to support partners in Jharsuguda district
- CFR claim making process will be initiated in tribal dominated villages of 4 blocks of Ganjam district.
- District level programme planned by Golamunda block manch before 30<sup>th</sup> Jan in Kalahandi district.

### **CFR Management & Governance:**

In the post lunch session a brief discussion on the issues and initiatives happening over CFR governance and management was held among a smaller group of people specifically involved in this process under FRA. As per the Forest Rights Act, CFR management committee should be formed by GS under Rule 4(1)(e) to protect, conserve and manage the forest, wildlife and biodiversity. The guidelines under Section 12 with regard to recognition and vesting of CFR and its management issued by MoTA on 23<sup>rd</sup> April, 2015 which is mandatory for all the administrative bureaucrats to implement the same. The gist of the guideline is as follows:

- As per Section 3(1)(i) and Sec 5 of FRA, Gram Sabha along with the committee formed under FR Rule 4(1)(e) is the authority to protect, regenerate or conserve or manage CFRs.
- Gram Sabha shall develop its own format of conservation and management plan of the CFR
- The GS and the Committee under FR rule 4(1)(e) shall be the authority to modify the micro plan or working plan or management plan of the Forest Department to

the extent necessary in order to integrate the same with the conservation and management plan for the CFR as passed by the Gram Sabha.

- The State Government shall make available the funds to the committee through its different departments for development of CFR.
- CFR areas as recognized a new category of forest area which should be recorded as “CFR” in the Records of Rights.

Hemant Kumar Sahoo from Vasundhara and Youth of Ho communities (Bilapagha village) shared the detail process of management plan of Bilapagha village of Mayurbhanj district.

Dilip from RCDC shared their process of management plan developed in 5 villages of Kalahandi district such as putting up board in their CFR areas, Account opening for money transaction in the name of committee, plantation of medicinal plant, sustainable harvesting of MFPs, Fire protection, stone fetching etc.

Mr. Arun from Care India shared that Committee under 4(1)(e) has already constituted and management plan prepared for forest protection, wildlife protection, stone bonding of water bodies and using for Agriculture purpose.

Hira Bhai also shared the protection system of the Community Forest Management communities in Deogarh district.

### **Forest Village:**

The detail guidelines on the process starting from identification to conversion of Forest village to Revenue village shared by Mrs. Puspanjali Satpathy based on the guidelines issued by MoTA. It was suggested that one day consultation on Conversion of Forest villages to Revenue villages needs to organize in Kankadahada block of Dhenkanal district as 1<sup>st</sup> phase of intervention.

The meeting ended with vote of thanks by Mr Tushar Dash.

## Annexure - I

Date/Time	Program	
<b>DAY - 1 (11<sup>th</sup> Jan.) Sharing of experience on CFR Recognition and Mapping</b>		
9.30 - 10.00 AM	Registration of Participants	Administration, Vasundhara
10.00-10.15AM	Introduction to the workshop (Sharing of objective and agenda)	Vasundhara
10.15-11.00AM	Overview on the Community Forest Rights in Odisha and Key Developments in 2015 under FRA	Vasundhara
11.00-1.30 PM	Sharing of experience on CFR recognition and mapping initiatives by the working groups within state focusing on key learning and challenges	Participating groups
1.30 - 2.15 PM	Lunch	
2.15- 4.00 PM	Sharing of experience on CFR recognition and mapping initiatives by the working groups within state focusing on key learning and challenges	Participating groups
4.00-4.30PM	Sharing of methodology on mapping of community forest resource rights using android application based mobile device	Vasundhara
4.30-5.30PM	Open House Discussion on methodology	
<b>DAY 2 (12<sup>th</sup> Jan.) Strategy and Action Plan</b>		
9.30 -11.00AM	Group discussion on key issues and challenges	Participating groups
11.00 - 1.30 PM	Sharing of issues and challenges before invitees from Tribal Department and SCSTRTI and way forward	
1.30-2.15PM	Lunch	
2.15 - 3.00 PM	Sharing of key developments in state and national level on CFR governance and management	Vasundhara
3.00 - 4.30 PM	Sharing of key issues initiatives and challenges by the groups	Participating groups

4.30-5.30	Open Discussion and way forward	
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Agenda: